

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. The primary meaning of a term is conveyed by the:
- A. suffix
 - B. prefix
 - C. word root
 - D. combining vowel

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 5 OBJ: 2
TOP: Medical Term Building

2. The word part attached to the beginning of a word root is the:
- A. prefix
 - B. suffix
 - C. combining vowel
 - D. word root

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 5 OBJ: 2
TOP: Medical Term Building

3. A suffix meaning **pertaining to** is:
- A. -al
 - B. -oid
 - C. -oma
 - D. -logy

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 3
TOP: Word Parts

4. The meaning of the suffix **-genic** is:
- A. pertaining to
 - B. one who studies and treats (specialist, physician)
 - C. study of
 - D. producing, originating, causing

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

5. The term meaning the **study of cells** is:
- A. cytology
 - B. histology
 - C. pathology
 - D. oncology

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

6. The term meaning **pertaining to the internal organs** is:
- A. histology
 - B. visceral
 - C. cytoid
 - D. epithelial

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

7. The combining form referring to the **tissue that is the major covering of the external surface of the body** is:
- A. hist/o
 - B. epitheli/o
 - C. sarc/o
 - D. neur/o

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 7 | 9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

8. The combining form that refers to the **basic unit of all living things** is:
- A. cyt/o
 - B. onc/o
 - C. viscer/o
 - D. hist/o

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 7 | 9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

9. A combining form meaning **tumor** is:

- A. cyt/o
- B. path/o
- C. onc/o
- D. sarc/o

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

10. The combining form **carcin/o** means:

- A. disease
- B. tumor
- C. cancer
- D. flesh

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

11. The suffix **-stasis** means:

- A. out of control
- B. tumor
- C. cancer
- D. control, stop

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

12. The term meaning **physician who studies diseases** is:

- A. pathogenic
- B. pathologist
- C. oncology
- D. oncologist

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

13. The term meaning **resembling fat** is:

- A. lipoid
- B. lipoma
- C. visceral
- D. cytoid

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

14. **Oncology** is the study of:

- A. tumors
- B. cells
- C. disease
- D. tissues

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

15. The medical term used to indicate the **transfer of disease beyond the tissue or organ of origin** is:

- A. carcinoma
- B. visceral
- C. sarcoma
- D. metastasis

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

16. The medical term used to indicate **substances thought to produce cancer** is:

- A. carcinogenic
- B. cancerous
- C. cytogenic
- D. neoplasm

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

17. A **tumor composed of nerve tissue** is called:

- A. epithelioma
- B. myoma
- C. sarcoma
- D. neuroma

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

18. **Radiation therapy** is abbreviated as:

- A. XRT
- B. Dx
- C. Px
- D. chemo

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 5
TOP: Abbreviations

19. The combining form referring to **the cells that have the ability to produce movement** is:

- A. neur/o
- B. plasm/o
- C. lip/o
- D. my/o

ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 7|9 OBJ: 3
TOP: Word Parts

20. The combining form that refers to the **body system that contains the brain, spinal cord, and nerves** is:

- A. my/o
- B. cyt/o
- C. neur/o
- D. hist/o

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 8-9 OBJ: 2
TOP: Word Parts

21. The abbreviation for **diagnosis** is:

- A. Px
- B. Dx
- C. CA
- D. MET

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 5
TOP: Abbreviations

22. The term meaning **lessening signs of a disease** is:

- A. prognosis
- B. malignant
- C. remission
- D. benign

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 4
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts

23. The term meaning the **identification of a disease** is:

- A. prognosis
- B. diagnosis
- C. chemotherapy
- D. remission

ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 4
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts

24. The term meaning **treatment of cancer using pharmaceuticals** is:

- A. prognosis
- B. diagnosis
- C. chemotherapy
- D. remission

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 4
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts

25. **MET** is the abbreviation for:

- A. metastasis
- B. malignant
- C. myoma
- D. carcinoma

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 5
TOP: Abbreviations

26. The term meaning **not malignant or nonrecurring** is:

- A. diagnosis
- B. prognosis
- C. benign
- D. remission

ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 4
TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts

27. The suffix **-plasm** means:
 A. a growth
 B. plasma
 C. new
 D. blood
 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
28. The word part meaning **new** is:
 A. meta-
 B. neo-
 C. -oma
 D. -plasm
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
29. Which of the following is *not* a type of tumor?
 A. sarcoma
 B. myoma
 C. carcinoma
 D. lipoid
 ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
30. The term meaning **producing disease** is:
 A. pathogenic
 B. pathology
 C. carcinogenic
 D. oncology
 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
31. A medical term composed of the **first letters of several words that can be pronounced as a whole word** is called a(n):
 A. eponym
 B. acronym
 C. medical term built from Greek and Latin word parts
 D. none of the above
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 3 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Origins of Medical Language
32. **Parkinson disease** is an example of what type of medical term?
 A. eponym
 B. acronym
 C. medical term built from Greek and Latin word parts
 D. modern or technologic language
 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 3 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Origins of Medical Language
33. The combining form meaning **fat** is:
 A. path/o
 B. sarc/o
 C. carcin/o
 D. lip/o
 ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
34. The term meaning **tumor composed of epithelium** is:
 A. carcinogenic
 B. epithelioma
 C. carcinoma
 D. epithelial
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
35. The combining form **viscer/o** means:
 A. cancer
 B. tissue
 C. flesh
 D. internal organs
 ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts

36. In the medical term **pathology**, the combining form means:
 A. cell
 B. epithelium
 C. disease
 D. tumor
 ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
37. The combining form **my/o** means:
 A. nerve
 B. muscle
 C. fat
 D. cell
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
38. In the medical term **lipoid**, the suffix means:
 A. resembling
 B. fat
 C. pertaining to
 D. tumor
 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
39. In the medical term **pathology**, the suffix means:
 A. resembling
 B. study of
 C. pertaining to
 D. disease
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 2
 TOP: Word Parts
40. The term meaning **resembling a cell** is:
 A. lipoid
 B. cytoid
 C. lipoma
 D. epithelioma
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
41. The term meaning **new growth** is:
 A. sarcoma
 B. neuroma
 C. pathology
 D. neoplasm
 ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
42. The term meaning **study of disease** is:
 A. cytology
 B. pathology
 C. oncology
 D. pathogenic
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
43. A **physician who studies and treats tumors** is called a(n):
 A. pathologist
 B. pathology
 C. oncology
 D. oncologist
 ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
44. The term meaning **pertaining to the epithelium** is:
 A. epithelial
 B. visceral
 C. epithelioma
 D. histology
 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts

45. The term meaning **tumor composed of muscle tissue** is:
 A. myoma
 B. sarcoma
 C. neuroma
 D. lipoma
 ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
46. **Sarcoma** means a tumor of:
 A. fat
 B. connective tissue
 C. muscle
 D. nerve
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Medical Terms Built from Word Parts
47. The medical term referring to **the possible outcome of a disease** is:
 A. benign
 B. inflammation
 C. prognosis
 D. remission
 ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 4
 TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
48. The term indicating **a localized protective response to injury or tissue destruction characterized by redness, swelling, heat, and pain** is:
 A. benign
 B. inflammation
 C. prognosis
 D. remission
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 4
 TOP: Medical Terms Not Built from Word Parts
49. The abbreviation for the term meaning **possible outcome of a disease** is:
 A. chemo
 B. CA
 C. Px
 D. Dx
 ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 5
 TOP: Abbreviations
50. The abbreviation for the term meaning **cancer, carinoma** is:
 A. chemo
 B. CA
 C. Px
 D. Dx
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 5
 TOP: Abbreviations
51. In the medical term **neoplasm**, the prefix means:
 A. disease
 B. tumor
 C. new
 D. beyond
 ANS: C PTS: 1 REF: 9 OBJ: 3
 TOP: Word Parts
52. **XRT** is an abbreviation for the term that means:
 A. lessening or absence of signs of disease
 B. treatment of cancer with pharmaceuticals
 C. not malignant, nonrecurring
 D. treatment of cancer with a radioactive substance
 ANS: D PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 5
 TOP: Abbreviations
53. The medical record noted, "The patient underwent surgery and was found to have no evidence of metastasis." The statement indicates that the:
 A. Disease has spread to another organ.
 B. Disease has not spread to another organ.
 C. Patient is experiencing pain.
 D. Patient is experiencing cramping.
 ANS: B PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 6
 TOP: Practical Application

54. The medical record further noted, "Her entire colon was removed because of a high risk for developing a malignant lesion." The statement indicates that:

- A. A future lesion could tend to become worse, possibly resulting in death.
- B. A future lesion would most likely be nonrecurring.
- C. The patient's colon was left intact.
- D. The patient was at low risk for future diseases.

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 18 OBJ: 6
TOP: Practical Application

55. The patient with a diagnosis of carcinoma may seek the services of a(n) _____ to treat the disease.

- A. oncologist
- B. cytologist
- C. histologist
- D. pathologist

ANS: A PTS: 1 REF: 17 OBJ: 6
TOP: Practical Application